

TO THE PROBLEM OF THE CURRENT STATE OF DEVELOPMENT OF UKRAINIAN LANGUAGE

To begin with, Ukrainian is the official state language of our independent country. Despite its ancient origin, it is constantly developing meeting the needs of the modern society. Having a lot in common with Slavonic languages, Ukrainian language still appears to be unique in its own way and its special features are reflected in the folklore. A good variety of Ukrainian proverbs, sayings and riddles constitute the paremiological fund. These short genres of speech appear to be a good material on the basis of which Ukrainian linguists do research on stylistics, speech acts, linguistic semantics and pragmatics, cognitive linguistic, etc.

Needless to say, that both the scientific and technological progress increase the development of the civilization in general and the language in particular. The modern Ukrainian language is not an exception. The Dictionary of Modern Linguistics gives some interesting examples of neologisms: *TV show* 'телешоу', *showman* 'шоумен', *image maker* 'іміджмейкер'. The news, broadcasted by radio and TV, the mass media appear to be the main sources of formation of the new words and expressions. Moreover, some events in political and social life also demand nomination and thus contribute to the formation of neologisms. For example, the word *flashmob* appears to be one of the most frequently used neologisms nowadays, it denotes a large group of people who arrange (by mobile/cell phone or email) to gather together in a public place at exactly the same time, spend a short time doing something there and then quickly all leave at the same time. Apart from the scientific view on the problem of the current state of development of the Ukrainian language, there is one more important aspect to be discussed. It concerns its universal character, its ability to organize and facilitate different areas of life, to encourage communication irrespective of social, professional and territorial origin of people. At that we mean the language of business documents, which style is characterized by a clear exposition of ideas, strict requirements of linguistic means, monological manner of presentation and so on. It fulfills the informative function in the modern society and meets the needs of the government agencies in different spheres of social life. The

language integrity is always manifested only in its unity with the literature, which appears to be the means of cross-cultural communication. Owing to the language, it is possible to create and to preserve the cultural and moral values of the generations in the literary works. That is why we should pay heed to the literary process. The works of Ukrainian poets and writers (L. Kostenko, J. Andruhovych, O. Zabuzhko) are well-known in our country and abroad.

Thus, the current state of Ukrainian as the national language of one of the European countries is inseparable from different spheres of social life of the country: education, science, culture, law, mass media, industry, etc. which proves the fact of the constant replenishment and perfection of our native language.